

OUT OF WORK ARMY LARGEST IN YEARS

National Employment Association Reports Practically No Jobs to Be Found.

MORE MEN LAID OFF DAILY

Railroads and Industrials Said to Be Planning Big Reductions.

More workmen are idle in New York city now than at any time since 1905, when the experience of the National Employment Exchange began, according to the report of the exchange. These men are not loafers and idlers, but honest men who want work but can't find it.

The great corporations are said to be laying off employees daily. The railroads since last July have been doing practically nothing in construction work, which would require outside labor. The steel mills are rapidly laying men off.

"The depression which has made it practically impossible for laboring men out of work to get jobs began in July," said Edward W. Carpenter, manager of the exchange at 30 Church street yesterday. "Since September the exchange has practically been able to do nothing in getting places for laborers. Only the most desultory sort of employment has turned up, such as odd jobs as janitor, special policeman, porter, etc."

"This is a great contrast from last year. In one job alone, last fall and winter, we placed 1,200 men. They went to the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company for construction work and also work in the mills. I should say that the average number of the men we got work for last year through our labor department was between 300 and 400 a month. I doubt if we have had more than 200 men since September of this year."

The National Employment Exchange is a unique organization, which was formed in 1905 through the subscription of \$100,000 in the city of New York, among them the late J. P. Morgan, the late Cornelius N. Bliss, the late E. H. Harriman, and Jacob H. Schiff. Elbert H. Gary and John D. Rockefeller, Otto T. Hammond are president of the exchange. It charges a fee, but this is insufficient to pay its running expenses. It handles through its mercantile branch at 30 Church street, engineers, executives, accountants and clerks. Skilled workmen and laborers are handled at the manual labor office at 50-52 Cooper square.

Reports of the laying off of men by the railroads and the great industries are being daily recorded in the financial district. A great railroad system, it is reported, is now in process of reducing the number of its employees and expects to lay off approximately 19,000 men before the movement is over.

The American Car and Foundry Company, one of the most active of the great equipment concerns, is said to be reducing its forces. Other equipment companies are doing the same thing.

5,000 MEN LAID OFF.

General Electric Hopes to Return to Full Time by March.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Dec. 4.—Within the past month it is estimated that no less than 5,000 employees at the various plants of the General Electric Company have been laid off. It is possible that this number will be added to until the early spring orders arrive. The only explanation given by officials of the company here is a general depression in the electrical business all over the world.

The number is divided among the plants as follows: Schenectady, 1,500; Erie, 500; and Harrison, 1,000. Only lamps being manufactured here and the demand for them is being steadily increasing.

Despite conditions at present, the outlook is not discouraging to officials of the company, who believe that by February or March all employees will again be operating with full forces and that business will again be normal.

BETHLEHEM CUT EXPLAINED.

Not Due to Loss of Armor Con- tracts, Says E. G. Grace.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 5.—Flat denial that failure of the company to obtain government contracts for armor or ordnance had anything to do with the suspension from work of 700 employees of the Bethlehem Steel works, was made today by E. G. Grace, vice-president of the steel company. The assertion was made in Congress yesterday by Representative J. Hamilton Moore of this city.

"There is absolutely no truth in the statement," said Mr. Grace. "The laying off of the men has been due to a slackening up in the armor industry."

"How many men have been laid off?" Mr. Grace was asked.

"Several hundred," he replied, "probably as many as 700 as Mr. Moore alleged. More than 5,000 are employed by the company. Whether more will be thrown out of work will depend entirely on circumstances."

3,000 STEEL WORKERS OUT.

Lackawanna Steel Company May Make Further Cuts.

The Lackawanna Steel Company, which is one of the strongest of the independent steel manufacturers, has laid off 3,000 employees since the early November out of a normal force of 8,000. President E. A. Clarke said last night that it looks as if more men would have to be laid off.

The Lackawanna, he said, is working on only about 50 per cent. of capacity. Most of the men who have already been laid off have gone from the Buffalo plant. When asked if the tariff was the cause of throwing men out of work Mr. Clarke said:

"I can't tell that any more than you can. It is lack of business that has caused laying off of men. We haven't the work to keep them busy."

WORK AHEAD TO JANUARY.

Baldwin Works to Run on Present Reduced Force.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 5.—Running now at about 60 per cent. of the basis of operation at the end of June the Baldwin Locomotive Works has business ahead at the present rate of production until the end of January. At the Philadelphia and Piddington plants the payroll distribution for the week ended November 22 was \$170,552, to compare with \$278,938 for the week ended June 28.

In these plants the number of employees is now about 12,000, to compare with 18,000 last June. At the Burnham plant of the subsidiary Standard Steel Works some 2,000 employees are on the payroll, to compare with 3,000 last summer.

Mr. Gilbert Parker in Movie Fight.

COTTON MAN ACCUSED BY BANK.

Ex-Director Charged With Getting Uncleared Loan in Savannah.

SAVANNAH, Dec. 5.—Fleming D. Timiney, ex-director of the Merchants National Bank of Savannah, has been accused by the bank of having secured a loan of \$20,000 from the bank on the basis of a check which he was a director.

Mr. Timiney is accused of taking \$20,000 from the Merchants National Bank of Savannah, which he had secured on the basis of a check which he was a director.

The bank's cashier testified that the money was secured for the firm of Timiney & Hull last March after the deposit of a check indicating that the firm had sufficient cotton on hand to protect the loan. When the loan became due and was not paid Joseph Hull, president of the Merchants National and the father of Dan Hull of the cotton firm, repaid the loan.

CANT GIVE POLICY FOR CHIPS.

Court Upholds Wife's Right to Pledge Playing Husband's Insurance.

The Appellate Division decided yesterday that a husband has no right to sign his life insurance policy made out in favor of his wife in payment of a gambling debt and held that Mrs. Helen Benish, wife of Meyer Benish, may recover a policy of \$2,000 from Richard H. Mandelbaum, alleged proprietor of the Atlantic Club in West Forty-second street.

Justice Hotchkiss, writing the decision, said that Benish could not come into court and have his property returned, but that Mrs. Benish, who was not a party to the poker game and had consented to assign the policy without consideration to herself and her husband, has a standing in court.

UNFRIENDLY GAME OF POKER.

Host and Another Accused of Help- ing in Holdup of Guests.

Magistrate Schults in the Tombs police court held Morris Rubin, 29 years old, an operator of 225 Henry street, and Nathan Nathanson, 23 years old, another operator of 60 Rutgers street in \$2,000 bail for the Grand Jury yesterday. Michael Kottler of 340 Cherry street and David Kavitsky of 359 Madison street charged that on November 28 Rubin invited them to his house for a friendly game of poker and that during the game the hosts helped two men break into the house to rob them of \$75 and two gold watches at the point of pistols.

LAWSON FAILS TO BUY STEEL.

Circular Said He Would Take 350,000 Shares, But He Didn't.

Thomas W. Lawson announced in a circular distributed yesterday morning in the financial district that he would buy at 10 3/4 A. M. at the market price the 350,000 shares of Steel stock which he says the financial press has accused him of being about to buy.

An unusually large crowd of brokers gathered around the Steel post in the Stock Exchange at 10:30 A. M., but nothing happened. The Steel transactions for the day were only about a dozen shares.

SONG AID TO SALES OF RADIO PHONE STOCK

Which Witness Says Was Sung to Buyers.

Selling stock through the agency of song is one of the methods by which the Radio Phone Company has disposed of over \$1,000,000 worth of its securities, according to the testimony given before Judge Hunt and a jury in the United States District Court yesterday at the trial of Dr. Lee De Forest, James Dunlop Smith, Samuel E. Darby and Elmer E. Burlingame, who are accused of having used the mails for swindling purposes.

Anderson W. Ream of Ada, Ohio, told how he received a copy of the Radio company's "bottle chant" after he was made an agent of the Ellsworth Company, the sales agent for the Radio company and its subsidiaries. The song was entitled "Good Old Radio" and was dedicated to Lee De Forest, "the Wizard of the Wireless."

The agents were instructed, according to Ream, to sing the song to prospective buyers.

Judge Hunt ruled that the words of the song might be relevant evidence, so Post Office Inspector W. R. Robinson read the following verses amidst the snickers of the audience and the smiles of the Judge and jury:

Words from the lake so deep and bright:
Tell of De Forest's triumph.
In the dark and silent night
With the head phones there I listened.
For the long excitement
When that music sounded.
While the stars shone over all.
Chorus:
Then hello, hello, on the wireless phone,
Is working fine along the line.
Produce a Radio, Radio,
Oh you cannot guess.
What a great success.
This poetic effort was witnessed and inquired failed to reveal the name of the author.

GIVES HOSPITAL TO PATERSON.

Nathan Barnett Will Spend About \$250,000 on New Institution.

PATERSON, N. J., Dec. 5.—Nathan Barnett, ex-Mayor of Paterson, who has given the Barnett Temple and a Hebrew free school to Paterson and has maintained the Barnett Memorial Hospital for some time, will give the city a new hospital to take the place of the present institution. It was announced today that he has transferred to the city an entire block of sixteen lots, bounded by Broadway, Thirtieth avenue, Thirtieth and Thirty-first streets, and will build on the plot a new hospital in memory of his wife. The cost is expected to be about \$250,000.

In 1902, when Paterson had a \$100,000 fire, the Second Presbyterian Church was destroyed. Mr. Barnett, who had built the Barnett Temple for a Hebrew congregation, was instrumental in that congregation's offer to the Presbyterian church of the site of the temple, which they could build a new church of their own. The Presbyterians accepted the offer, but insisted upon sharing the expense of the building. Mr. Barnett and the other officers of the temple refused to permit this on the ground that the church already had a hard enough task in rebuilding the temple for three years until its new building was finished.

MARSHALL PORTRAIT, \$1,005.

Sale Is Feature of Auction of J. R. Barton Willing's Effects.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 5.—A portrait of Chief Justice John Marshall of the United States Supreme Court brought \$1,005 at the second day's auction sale of the furniture and fittings of the home of J. R. Barton Willing, a brother of Mrs. Astor. The sale began yesterday.

Two large bronze candlesticks, each about seven feet tall and originally in the collection of Joseph Bonaparte, were sold for \$250 each. The bronze alone, it was figured, was worth that much. The candlesticks were brought from France by Bonaparte.

HETCH HETCHY BILL SUPPORT WEAKENING

Senator Borah Attacks Plan to Give Stream's Water to San Francisco.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The Senate devoted another day to consideration of the Hetch Hetchy bill, which is to be voted on to-morrow. Senator Borah of Idaho spoke against the proposal to authorize the city of San Francisco to build a reservoir and impound the waters of the Hetch Hetchy stream for municipal purposes.

Senator Borah opposed the improvement on the ground that the grant was too broad and that the city would gain extraordinary concessions to the detriment of settlers and prospective settlers on more than 2,000 acres of irrigable land in the San Joaquin Valley.

Advocates of the bill claim more than fifty voters, but admitted today that they have lost some ground and that the vote probably will be too close for comfort. They fear that the opponents of the bill will break a quorum to-morrow and thus prevent a vote.

In concluding his speech Senator Borah said he was in favor of public ownership under certain conditions. He said that where it has become apparent that competition in any particular business has ceased and it has been disclosed that substantial competition is being stifled, he is in favor of absolute public ownership.

"The leasing system is a delusion so far as our natural resources are concerned," he said. "The leasing of public lands to private hands will bring no relief to the people. The republic in some instances may be strong enough to destroy monopoly, but it will be strong enough to regulate and control it. The persistent, sleepless vigilance and insatiable appetite of private gain in the long run will prove too powerful for a spasmodic and intermittent public ownership."

"Wherever private gain has ceased to be under the law of competition the business must come under public ownership, where private gain can be eliminated, whether it is a railroad or a coal mine. Some will call this State socialism, but I am for State socialism. Names have no terror for me. I am for results."

"Insidious influences work more effectively in Washington than in any other capital in the world. In the departments here these influences are especially active, accomplishing things which the people know nothing about until they are put into effect."

"The granting of Hetch Hetchy Valley to San Francisco is but an entering wedge which will lead to the dismemberment of the natural resources of the country, corporations and the giving away of every acre of the national parks, just as the 75,000,000 acres of public land already have been given to the railroads and corporations, forcing 100,000 to cross the boundary into Canada every year in search of a home."

APPELLATE DIVISION DECISIONS.

Complete List of Yesterday's Find- ings in First Department.

The Appellate Division, First Department, announced the following decisions yesterday:

The People, ex. respondent, vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. Co., appellant. Judgment reversed and new trial ordered. Opinion by Justice McLaughlin, J. dissenting.

Julia Tanager, respondent, vs. Bankers Land & Mortgage Corporation, ex. appellant. Judgment affirmed. Opinion by Justice McLaughlin, J. dissenting.

John J. McLaughlin, respondent, vs. John J. McLaughlin, ex. appellant. Judgment affirmed. Opinion by Justice McLaughlin, J. dissenting.

In the matter of the City of New York, respondent, vs. Edward L. Harper, appellant. Judgment affirmed. Opinion by Justice McLaughlin, J. dissenting.

John J. McLaughlin, respondent, vs. John J. McLaughlin, ex. appellant. Judgment affirmed. Opinion by Justice McLaughlin, J. dissenting.

John J. McLaughlin, respondent, vs. John J. McLaughlin, ex. appellant. Judgment affirmed. Opinion by Justice McLaughlin, J. dissenting.

John J. McLaughlin, respondent, vs. John J. McLaughlin, ex. appellant. Judgment affirmed. Opinion by Justice McLaughlin, J. dissenting.

John J. McLaughlin, respondent, vs. John J. McLaughlin, ex. appellant. Judgment affirmed. Opinion by Justice McLaughlin, J. dissenting.

John J. McLaughlin, respondent, vs. John J. McLaughlin, ex. appellant. Judgment affirmed. Opinion by Justice McLaughlin, J. dissenting.

John J. McLaughlin, respondent, vs. John J. McLaughlin, ex. appellant. Judgment affirmed. Opinion by Justice McLaughlin, J. dissenting.

John J. McLaughlin, respondent, vs. John J. McLaughlin, ex. appellant. Judgment affirmed. Opinion by Justice McLaughlin, J. dissenting.

John J. McLaughlin, respondent, vs. John J. McLaughlin, ex. appellant. Judgment affirmed. Opinion by Justice McLaughlin, J. dissenting.

John J. McLaughlin, respondent, vs. John J. McLaughlin, ex. appellant. Judgment affirmed. Opinion by Justice McLaughlin, J. dissenting.

John J. McLaughlin, respondent, vs. John J. McLaughlin, ex. appellant. Judgment affirmed. Opinion by Justice McLaughlin, J. dissenting.

John J. McLaughlin, respondent, vs. John J. McLaughlin, ex. appellant. Judgment affirmed. Opinion by Justice McLaughlin, J. dissenting.

John J. McLaughlin, respondent, vs. John J. McLaughlin, ex. appellant. Judgment affirmed. Opinion by Justice McLaughlin, J. dissenting.

John J. McLaughlin, respondent, vs. John J. McLaughlin, ex. appellant. Judgment affirmed. Opinion by Justice McLaughlin, J. dissenting.

John J. McLaughlin, respondent, vs. John J. McLaughlin, ex. appellant. Judgment affirmed. Opinion by Justice McLaughlin, J. dissenting.

John J. McLaughlin, respondent, vs. John J. McLaughlin, ex. appellant. Judgment affirmed. Opinion by Justice McLaughlin, J. dissenting.

John J. McLaughlin, respondent, vs. John J. McLaughlin, ex. appellant. Judgment affirmed. Opinion by Justice McLaughlin, J. dissenting.

HALLEX SAILINGS

TO MADEIRA, GIBRALTAR, NAPLES AND GENOA.
"CINCINNATI" Dec. 9, 12 noon
"CLEVELAND" Jan. 15, 12 noon
"CINCINNATI" Jan. 27, Mar. 5, 3 P. M.
*Special Cruise to MADEIRA, CADIZ, GIBRALTAR (Tangier), ALGIERS, GENOA AND EGYPT.
*Excellent accommodations available at special rates for passage to MADEIRA, ITALY AND EGYPT. Shore excursions included.

NEW CRUISE TO ORIENT-INDIA
Through the Mediterranean, Red Sea and Indian Ocean, including the Holy Land and Egypt, stopping at intermediate ports.
By the "CLEVELAND" From JAN. 15, 1914
93 Days—Cost includes shore trips and all necessary expenses.
Write for full information.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
41-45 Broadway, New York

AUTUMN AND WINTER RESORTS.
AUTUMN AND WINTER RESORTS.

Through Pullman from New York. The finest golf courses in the South. 1,200 miles of connecting automobile roads, 40,000 acres shooting preserve with good guides and dogs, fine live, fox hunting, tennis, trap shooting, model dairy. Frequent tournaments in all sports.

No consumptives received.
FULL INFORMATION ON REQUEST
GENERAL OFFICE, Pinehurst, N. C.
or LEONARD TUFTS, 282 Congress Street, Boston, Mass.

Through Pullman from New York. The finest golf courses in the South. 1,200 miles of connecting automobile roads, 40,000 acres shooting preserve with good guides and dogs, fine live, fox hunting, tennis, trap shooting, model dairy. Frequent tournaments in all sports.

No consumptives received.
FULL INFORMATION ON REQUEST
GENERAL OFFICE, Pinehurst, N. C.
or LEONARD TUFTS, 282 Congress Street, Boston, Mass.

Through Pullman from New York. The finest golf courses in the South. 1,200 miles of connecting automobile roads, 40,000 acres shooting preserve with good guides and dogs, fine live, fox hunting, tennis, trap shooting, model dairy. Frequent tournaments in all sports.

No consumptives received.
FULL INFORMATION ON REQUEST
GENERAL OFFICE, Pinehurst, N. C.
or LEONARD TUFTS, 282 Congress Street, Boston, Mass.

Through Pullman from New York. The finest golf courses in the South. 1,200 miles of connecting automobile roads, 40,000 acres shooting preserve with good guides and dogs, fine live, fox hunting, tennis, trap shooting, model dairy. Frequent tournaments in all sports.

No consumptives received.
FULL INFORMATION ON REQUEST
GENERAL OFFICE, Pinehurst, N. C.
or LEONARD TUFTS, 282 Congress Street, Boston, Mass.

Through Pullman from New York. The finest golf courses in the South. 1,200 miles of connecting automobile roads, 40,000 acres shooting preserve with good guides and dogs, fine live, fox hunting, tennis, trap shooting, model dairy. Frequent tournaments in all sports.

No consumptives received.
FULL INFORMATION ON REQUEST
GENERAL OFFICE, Pinehurst, N. C.
or LEONARD TUFTS, 282 Congress Street, Boston, Mass.

Through Pullman from New York. The finest golf courses in the South. 1,200 miles of connecting automobile roads, 40,000 acres shooting preserve with good guides and dogs, fine live, fox hunting, tennis, trap shooting, model dairy. Frequent tournaments in all sports.

No consumptives received.
FULL INFORMATION ON REQUEST
GENERAL OFFICE, Pinehurst, N. C.
or LEONARD TUFTS, 282 Congress Street, Boston, Mass.

Through Pullman from New York. The finest golf courses in the South. 1,200 miles of connecting automobile roads, 40,000 acres shooting preserve with good guides and dogs, fine live, fox hunting, tennis, trap shooting, model dairy. Frequent tournaments in all sports.

No consumptives received.
FULL INFORMATION ON REQUEST
GENERAL OFFICE, Pinehurst, N. C.
or LEONARD TUFTS, 282 Congress Street, Boston, Mass.

Through Pullman from New York. The finest golf courses in the South. 1,200 miles of connecting automobile roads, 40,000 acres shooting preserve with good guides and dogs, fine live, fox hunting, tennis, trap shooting, model dairy. Frequent tournaments in all sports.

No consumptives received.
FULL INFORMATION ON REQUEST
GENERAL OFFICE, Pinehurst, N. C.
or LEONARD TUFTS, 282 Congress Street, Boston, Mass.

Through Pullman from New York. The finest golf courses in the South. 1,200 miles of connecting automobile roads, 40,000 acres shooting preserve with good guides and dogs, fine live, fox hunting, tennis, trap shooting, model dairy. Frequent tournaments in all sports.

No consumptives received.
FULL INFORMATION ON REQUEST
GENERAL OFFICE, Pinehurst, N. C.
or LEONARD TUFTS, 282 Congress Street, Boston, Mass.

Through Pullman from New York. The finest golf courses in the South. 1,200 miles of connecting automobile roads, 40,000 acres shooting preserve with good guides and dogs, fine live, fox hunting, tennis, trap shooting, model dairy. Frequent tournaments in all sports.

No consumptives received.
FULL INFORMATION ON REQUEST
GENERAL OFFICE, Pinehurst, N. C.
or LEONARD TUFTS, 282 Congress Street, Boston, Mass.

Through Pullman from New York. The finest golf courses in the South. 1,200 miles of connecting automobile roads, 40,000 acres shooting preserve with good guides and dogs, fine live, fox hunting, tennis, trap shooting, model dairy. Frequent tournaments in all sports.

No consumptives received.
FULL INFORMATION ON REQUEST
GENERAL OFFICE, Pinehurst, N. C.
or LEONARD TUFTS, 282 Congress Street, Boston, Mass.

Through Pullman from New York. The finest golf courses in the South. 1,200 miles of connecting automobile roads, 40,000 acres shooting preserve with good guides and dogs, fine live, fox hunting, tennis, trap shooting, model dairy. Frequent tournaments in all sports.

No consumptives received.
FULL INFORMATION ON REQUEST
GENERAL OFFICE, Pinehurst, N. C.
or LEONARD TUFTS, 282 Congress Street, Boston, Mass.

Through Pullman from New York. The finest golf courses in the South. 1,200 miles of connecting automobile roads, 40,000 acres shooting preserve with good guides and dogs, fine live, fox hunting, tennis, trap shooting, model dairy. Frequent tournaments in all sports.

No consumptives received.
FULL INFORMATION ON REQUEST
GENERAL OFFICE, Pinehurst, N. C.
or LEONARD TUFTS, 282 Congress Street, Boston, Mass.

Through Pullman from New York. The finest golf courses in the South. 1,200 miles of connecting automobile roads, 40,000 acres shooting preserve with good guides and dogs, fine live, fox hunting, tennis, trap shooting, model dairy. Frequent tournaments in all sports.

WHITE STAR LINE'S "OLYMPIC"

LONDON—PARIS
via Plymouth—Cherbourg
Southampton
HOLIDAY
Sailing
December 13 10:00 A.M.
WHITE STAR LINE
9 Broadway New York

THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
London—Paris—Bremen
Christmas Ships
First Friedrich Wilhelm, Dec. 13
South America, Dec. 13
Affording ample opportunity to reach all parts of Continental Europe for Christmas.

First class, Dec. 13
Second class, Dec. 13
Third class, Dec. 13
Fourth class, Dec. 13
Fifth class, Dec. 13
Sixth class, Dec. 13
Seventh class, Dec. 13
Eighth class, Dec. 13
Ninth class, Dec. 13
Tenth class, Dec. 13
Eleventh class, Dec. 13
Twelfth class, Dec. 13
Thirteenth class, Dec. 13
Fourteenth class, Dec. 13
Fifteenth class, Dec. 13
Sixteenth class, Dec. 13
Seventeenth class, Dec. 13
Eighteenth class, Dec. 13
Nineteenth class, Dec. 13
Twentieth class, Dec. 13
Twenty-first class, Dec. 13
Twenty-second class, Dec. 13
Twenty-third class, Dec. 13
Twenty-fourth class, Dec. 13
Twenty-fifth class, Dec. 13
Twenty-sixth class, Dec. 13
Twenty-seventh class, Dec. 13
Twenty-eighth class, Dec. 13
Twenty-ninth class, Dec. 13
Thirtieth class, Dec. 13
Thirty-first class, Dec. 13
Thirty-second class, Dec. 13
Thirty-third class, Dec. 13
Thirty-fourth class, Dec. 13
Thirty-fifth class, Dec. 13
Thirty-sixth class, Dec. 13
Thirty-seventh class, Dec. 13
Thirty-eighth class, Dec. 13
Thirty-ninth class, Dec. 13
Fortieth class, Dec. 13
Forty-first class, Dec. 13
Forty-second class, Dec. 13
Forty-third class, Dec. 13
Forty-fourth class, Dec. 13
Forty-fifth class, Dec. 13
Forty-sixth class, Dec. 13
Forty-seventh class, Dec. 13
Forty-eighth class, Dec. 13
Forty-ninth class, Dec. 13
Fiftieth class, Dec. 13
Fifty-first class, Dec. 13
Fifty-second class, Dec. 13
Fifty-third class, Dec. 13
Fifty-fourth class, Dec. 13
Fifty-fifth class, Dec. 13
Fifty-sixth class, Dec. 13
Fifty-seventh class, Dec. 13
Fifty-eighth class, Dec. 13
Fifty-ninth class, Dec. 13
Sixtieth class, Dec. 13
Sixty-first class, Dec. 13
Sixty-second class, Dec. 13
Sixty-third class, Dec. 13
Sixty-fourth class, Dec. 13
Sixty-fifth class, Dec. 13
Sixty-sixth class, Dec. 13
Sixty-seventh class, Dec. 13
Sixty-eighth class, Dec. 13
Sixty-ninth class, Dec. 13
Seventieth class, Dec. 13
Seventy-first class, Dec. 13
Seventy-second class, Dec. 13
Seventy-third class, Dec. 13
Seventy-fourth class, Dec. 13
Seventy-fifth class, Dec. 13
Seventy-sixth class, Dec. 13
Seventy-seventh class, Dec. 13
Seventy-eighth class, Dec. 13
Seventy-ninth class, Dec. 13
Eightieth class, Dec. 13
Eighty-first class, Dec. 13
Eighty-second class, Dec. 13
Eighty-third class, Dec. 13
Eighty-fourth class, Dec. 13
Eighty-fifth class, Dec. 13
Eighty-sixth class, Dec. 13
Eighty-seventh class, Dec. 13
Eighty-eighth class, Dec. 13
Eighty-ninth class, Dec. 13
Ninetieth class, Dec. 13
Ninety-first class, Dec. 13
Ninety-second class, Dec. 13
Ninety-third class, Dec. 13
Ninety-fourth class, Dec. 13
Ninety-fifth class, Dec. 13
Ninety-sixth class, Dec. 13
Ninety-seventh class, Dec. 13
Ninety-eighth class, Dec. 13
Ninety-ninth class, Dec. 13
One hundred class, Dec. 13
One hundred and first class, Dec. 13
One hundred and second class, Dec. 13
One hundred and third class, Dec. 13
One hundred and fourth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and fifth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and sixth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and seventh class, Dec. 13
One hundred and eighth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and ninth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and tenth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and eleventh class, Dec. 13
One hundred and twelfth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and thirteenth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and fourteenth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and fifteenth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and sixteenth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and seventeenth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and eighteenth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and nineteenth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and twentieth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and twenty-first class, Dec. 13
One hundred and twenty-second class, Dec. 13
One hundred and twenty-third class, Dec. 13
One hundred and twenty-fourth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and twenty-fifth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and twenty-sixth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and twenty-seventh class, Dec. 13
One hundred and twenty-eighth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and twenty-ninth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and thirtieth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and thirty-first class, Dec. 13
One hundred and thirty-second class, Dec. 13
One hundred and thirty-third class, Dec. 13
One hundred and thirty-fourth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and thirty-fifth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and thirty-sixth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and thirty-seventh class, Dec. 13
One hundred and thirty-eighth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and thirty-ninth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and fortieth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and forty-first class, Dec. 13
One hundred and forty-second class, Dec. 13
One hundred and forty-third class, Dec. 13
One hundred and forty-fourth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and forty-fifth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and forty-sixth class, Dec. 13
One hundred and forty-seventh